## **INTRODUCTORY WORD OF THE EDITOR IN CHIEF**



**Prof. dr. Angelė Lileikienė** Lithuania Business University of Apllied Sciences

Dear Colleagues,

The journal "European Science" is dedicated to the publication of new scientific ideas, focused on presenting the results of theoretical-methodological and applied research not only in a European context but also in a broader context. The consistency of the journal, published 4 times a year, allows researchers to present their research results in a dynamic way, as well as to compare scientific conceptualization in the context of research conducted by researchers from other countries.

"European Science" is a wide-ranging research journal because it covers a broad range of scientific disciplines. Research interests: management, history, law, medicine, political science, economics, pedagogy, cybernetics, public administration, etc.

I invite researchers from EU universities and other scientific institutions to actively publish scientific articles in the journal "European Science".

# INTRODUCTORY WORD OF A MEMBER OF THE EDITORIAL BOARD





Larisa Yankovska Doctor Hub. in Economics, professor Honored Worker of Ukraine Education Member of the ASU, Member of the IAAC Chancellor of Lviv University of Business and Law

### Dear reader!

We would like to bring to your attention the scientific journal EUROPEAN SCIENCE containing the findings on topical scientific directions and interdisciplinary research.

The main target of our journal is to create an effective background for discussing urgent scientific ideas, achievements, debating points of theory and practice. The magazine has significantly developed and the geographical representation of authors and readership has expanded throughout its existence. The scientific journal EUROPEAN SCIENCE is currently one of the few scientific periodicals of multidisciplinary nature included into numerous scientometrical bases, and it is characterized by high quality of publications provided by double blind peer review and fulfills an important function of uniting the efforts of scientists from different countries to solve actual problems of modern science and practice.

This issue consists of articles written on topical scientific subjects and focused on solving important scientific and practical problems of various fields.

The materials presented in the publication are useful for scientists and practitioners, students, post-graduate students and doctoral students, public employees, entrepreneurs, statesmen.

We hope that the articles released in the given issue will provoke your interest, expand the range of research interests and image into your scientific and professional activities.

Best regards.

## **INTRODUCTORY WORD OF THE EDITION FOUNDER**





**Jozef Zaťko Dr.h.c. mult. JUDr. Honor. Prof. mult.** President EIDV, Podhajska

Dear reader!

As scientific knowledge increases and the boundaries of science move forward, setting increasingly ambitious and complex goals involving hundreds or thousands of scientists from different countries is becoming more and more essential for the achievement of the scientific goals.

However, no project would be feasible without the support of an international public opinion fully aware of the importance of its purpose both from a scientific point of view and from that of the technological, economic and social implications.

Close collaboration between scientists and science communicators is therefore more relevant than ever to ensure that information on those issues is accurate, thorough and as broad as possible.

Hence, we would like to bring to your attention the scientific journal EUROPEAN SCIENCE containing the findings on topical scientific directions.

This issue presents a broad-based spectrum of thought provoking articles that are reflective of the ever-expanding Universe. As you read through these articles, be sure to capture the innovative concepts becoming a reality and look for opportunities to apply them to your own efforts at the realization.

We hope, you enjoy this journal, and encourage you to reach out to us for opportunities to publish your own thought-provoking articles in future issues.

Best wishes,

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# ASSOCIATE AND MANAGING EDITOR



**Prof. Alireza Heidari, Ph.D., D.Sc. Doctor Hub. in Economics, professor** Full Distinguished Professor and Academic Tenure of Chemistry & Director of the BioSpectroscopy Core Research Laboratory at Faculty of Chemistry, California South University (CSU), Irvine, California, USA & President of the American International Standards Institute (AISI) Irvine, California, USA

Prof. Alireza Heidari, Ph.D., D.Sc. is a Full Distinguished Professor and Academic Tenure of Chemistry at California South University (CSU), Irvine, California, USA. He has got his Ph.D. and D.Sc. degrees from California South University (CSU), Irvine, California, USA. Furthermore, he has double postdocs in Project Management, Oncology, Human Cancer Tissues and Synchrotron Radiation from Monash University, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia and also in Nanochemistry and Modern Molecular Electronic-Structure Computations Theory from California South University (CSU), Irvine, California, USA. His research interests include Biophysical Chemistry, Biomolecular Spectroscopy, Quantum Chemistry, Nanochemistry, Modern Electronic Structure Computations, Theoretical Chemistry, Mathematical Chemistry, Computational Chemistry, Vibrational Spectroscopy, Molecular Modelling, Ab initio & Density Functional Methods, Molecular Structure, Biochemistry, Molecular Simulation, Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Medicinal Chemistry, Oncology, Synchrotron Radiation, Synchrocyclotron Radiation, LASER, Anti-Cancer Nano Drugs, Nano Drugs Delivery, ATR-FTIR Spectroscopy, Raman Spectroscopy, Intelligent Molecules, Molecular Dynamics, Biosensors, Biomarkers, Molecular Diagnostics, Numerical Chemistry, Nucleic Acids, DNA/RNA Monitoring, DNA/ RNA Hypermethylation & Hypomethylation, Human Cancer Tissues, Human Cancer Cells, Tumors, Cancer Tissues, Cancer Cells, etc. He has participated at more than four hundreds reputed international conferences, seminars, congresses, symposiums and forums around the world as yet. Also, he possesses many published articles in Science Citation Index (SCI)/ International Scientific Indexing (ISI), Medline/PubMed and Scopus Journals. It should be noted that he has visited many universities or scientific and academic research institutes in different countries such as United States, United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, Scotland, Ireland, Netherlands, Belgium, Denmark, Greece, Russia, Estonia, Ukraine, Turkey, France, Swiss, Germany, Sweden, Norway, Italy, Austria, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, South Africa, Egypt, Brazil, Spain, Portugal, Mexico, Japan, Singapore, Malaysia, Indonesia, Thailand, Taiwan, Hong Kong, South Korea, China, India, Qatar, United Arab Emirates, etc. as research fellow, sabbatical and volunteer researcher or visitor and so on heretofore. He has a history of several years of teaching for college students and various disciplines and trends in different universities. Moreover, he has been a senior advisor in various industry and factories. He is expert in many computer programs and programming languages. Hitherto, he has authored more than twenty books and book chapters in different fields of Chemistry. Syne, he has been awarded more than one thousand reputed international awards, prizes, scholarships and honors. Heretofore, he has multiple editorial duties in many reputed international and peer-reviewed journals, books and publishers. Hitherward, he is a member of more than four hundreds reputed international academic-scientific-research institutes around the world. It should be noted that he is currently the President of American International Standards Institute (AISI), Irvine, California, USA and also Director of the BioSpectroscopy Core Research Laboratory at California South University (CSU), Irvine, California, USA.

## HOW TO BECOME A SUCCESSFUL AUTHOR OF A PAPER TO BE PUBLISHED IN A WORLD-CLASS SCHOLARLY JOURNAL?



Mirosław J. Skibniewski Prof. Ph.D University of Maryland, College Park, USA

## An invited Guest Editorial

JUDr. Jozef Zat'ko, Publisher of Europska Veda, has asked me to prepare and convey a set of guidelines for authors who wish to be successful in preparing and submitting scholarly papers for consideration for publication in world-class, globally scoped academic journals, such as those indexed in Elsevier's **Scopus™** and ScienceDirect<sup>™</sup> and/or in Clarivate Analytics' **Web of Science<sup>™</sup> databases**. My guidelines provided below are intended for relatively junior authors, with limited prior experience in publishing, who are preparing their manuscripts in the realm of applied sciences. Some of the issues being raised herein are universal and as such they are equally applicable in other scholarly domains as well. I have based these guidelines on my 25+ years of experience as an editor-in-chief of a high-ranking international research journal in my own academic discipline. The journal has been included for a number of years both in Scopus<sup>™</sup> and in the Web of Science<sup>™</sup>, earning their relatively high CiteScore<sup>™</sup> and Impact Factor<sup>™</sup> designations.

Academics work in an increasingly competitive environment. With many narrowly defined scientific disciplines, the race to the top has become relentless. There are currently over two thousand academic journal publishers worldwide, publishing over twenty thousand journals. The total number of refereed journal papers now exceeds 1.6 million annually and it is still growing rapidly. The largest numbers of such papers originate from the U.S.A., with China closely behind. A growing, and still largely unregulated, market for open-access publications further complicates the publishing environment. Over 90 percent of academic journal papers ever published will have been published in our professional lifetime. Ethical issues in academic publishing abound.

A successful article should contain the following major components, preferably but not necessarily presented in the stated order.

1. The title:

The title of an article should be as short as possible, but it should reflect the main issue addressed in the paper as well as the paper content. In most cases, the title of the article is decided after the entire content of the article has been completed. The wording of the title should avoid uncommon acronyms or descriptors confining the contents of the paper only to one country or one geographic region.

2. The abstract:

The abstract is an advertisement of your paper. It should be written in clear, short sentences which are easy to understand and should accurately reflect the contents of the paper and its main contribution to the global body of knowledge. One must avoid unnecessary

sentences that belong to the introduction section of the paper. An good abstract should contain only 6 short sentences as follows: 1) The scientific domain and the problem within the domain which is the subject matter of the paper, 2) The research question to be answered in the paper, 3) The means and methods (scientific tools) used to obtain the answer to the stated research question, 4) The answer to the research question, 5) The meaning and importance of the answer and the results obtained, 6) The future research directions based on the results of the completed research reported in this paper. The entire abstract should not exceed one-half of a printed page.

3. The keywords:

Keywords are the labels of your manuscript used in scientific databases containing many thousands of papers. A correct use of keywords will determine if your article is noticed by potential readers, or if it is only glanced over before the reader decides to move on the next article in the database without reading yours. Keywords that are generic in nature are always ineffective.

4. The introduction:

This section should set the stage for what is presented in the article. One must provide a clear description of the problem to be addressed along with detailed explanation of the importance of the problem. One should also define the group of stakeholders – the larger the better – for whom the stated problem is important. This is followed by the definition and detailed description of the specific research question to be addressed. A detailed justification of the importance of the question stated is also essential, along with a description of other related questions which are not being addressed in your paper. A clear definition of the future beneficiaries of the answer to be obtained must also be provided.

5. The literature review:

One must provide a critical, very brief and comprehensive summary of the most relevant prior research by the author(s) of this paper as well as by other writers worldwide attempting to address the same research question or other closely related questions. Such questions may have been addressed within the same subject domain, but also in different domains - sometimes in scholarly fields unrelated to one's own. All cited publications should be critically reviewed; do not cite publications that you have not fully absorbed and have not explained their relevance to the subject matter presented in your paper. Avoid an excessive number of self-citations or citations of publications from the same country or from the same geographic region.

6. The research methodology (your own selection of means and methods/tools employed to answer the stated research question):

This section contains the detailed description of your approach to obtain the answer to your research question. Provide a clear justification of your selection of this approach and briefly discuss any alternate approaches which were also initially considered but ultimately discarded, along with justification of such a decision. Do not regurgitate a detailed description of established, well-known analytical tools, procedures or testing methods – it should suffice to cite relevant sources. Your description should be complete, i.e. it should be possible for a reader to reproduce the results of your research with the use of the stated means and methods used to obtain your research answer. Describe in detail your data formatting and other requirements related to the performance of statistical tests and analyses. Avoid procedural shortcuts which may render your methodology description useless to interested readers.

7. The research results:

Provide a clear, detailed description of your results obtained by you with the use of the research methodology described in item 6 above. Concentrate on the main points and avoid digressing to only loosely related or unrelated topics. Your description should be aided by well-formatted and fully readable tables and figures emphasizing the main points being made. Avoid the inclusion of lettering and labels in a language other than English, as these will be useless for an audience unable to read in that language. Provide clear

### **European Science**

evidence and description of the validation of the obtained results by other researchers or in professional practice related to your academic field. Normally, validation attempts with the use of computer simulation only based on arbitrarily constructed models will be considered insufficient by reviewers assigned to evaluate your paper, as such reviewers often prefer the evidence of real-life implementation of your results.

8. The discussion of research results (discussion of the importance of the answer to the stated research question):

This may be the most important section from which the potential reviewers will begin their examination of your paper. Describe what your results mean and why they are important for the audience/readers/stakeholders targeted by this paper. Elaborate in detail on the contribution of your results to the body of new knowledge in your own scientific discipline and beyond.

9. Conclusions and directions for future research:

This section provides a brief summary of the most important findings produced by the presented research. Describe in detail why this finding may be important to a global audience, not merely to your national or regional stakeholders. One must also describe the limitations of the results obtained and suggestions on how these limitations may be overcome with follow-up research. Additionally, one should provide a detailed description of how the results presented will inspire future generations of researchers worldwide aspiring to make contributions in the same or related fields of academic and professional endeavor.

10. The references:

Make sure that all cited items contain complete bibliographic data. Avoid citing an excessive number of references which may be redundant and references in languages other than English. If one feels compelled to cite a non-English language reference, make sure to provide an English translation of the title (in parentheses next to the title in the language of the publication). There is a growing trend to provide an digital object identifier (DOI) for each journal paper or conference proceedings article being cited that has such an identifier, an ISBN for each book reference, and a web address with the date of last access for all other resources. There is also a diminishing emphasis on a particular format of references (as long as the cited items are listed in a consistent manner), as the article typesetting processes at the publishers are currently automated and conversions from one referencing format to another are straightforward.

Most high-ranking journal publishers have been quietly removing strict limitations on the number of pages or words a paper is allowed to contain due to the fact that most paid subscriptions are currently electronic. This removes the burden of the authors to conform to the volume limitations of their articles, allowing for a complete presentation of relevant research results. Additionally, datasets used in the conduct of the research being presented may be stored in cloud-based repositories accessible by all concerned.

Owing to the limitations of space, this guest editorial does not touch upon numerous contemporary issues related to the publication of papers in scholarly journals. However, I often conduct hands-on, full-day workshops in academic settings worldwide for aspiring and active academics interested in sharpening their writing skills and in becoming successful in publishing their papers in top-ranking international scholarly journals. There are ample opportunities to address individual interests and answer specific questions during such workshops. I hope to see many of the readers of this editorial in a workshop to be conducted in the future in a location near you.

> Mirosław J. Skibniewski 10 February 2019 University of Maryland, College Park, USA https://pm.umd.edu http://e-construction.umd.edu

## WE ARE INTRODUCING A MEMBER OF EDITORIAL BOARD





**Viktor Beschastnyi** Doctor of Juridical Science, Professor, Honored Lawyer of Ukraine.

## Date of birth: 9 November, 1959.

**Education:** higher, graduated from Kharkiv Law Institute (now – National University «The Yaroslav Mudry Law Academy of Ukraine»), on a speciality «Jurisprudence», Donetsk State University of Management, on a speciality «Finance». In 2005 he defended the thesis for the scientific degree of Candidate of sciences in Public Administration on the topic: «A mechanism of public administration by professional training of the internal affairs personnel». In 2010 he defended the thesis for the scientific degree of Doctor of Public Administration on the topic: «A mechanism of public administration by the development of higher educational institutions of the system of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Ukraine». In May 2018, he was awarded a Doctor of Science degree in speciality 12.00.08 «Criminal Law and Criminology; Penal enforcement Law».

Since 1981 he served in the internal affairs agencies. 1983-2003 – service in the internal affairs agencies of Donetsk region. Since 2003 – the rector of Donetsk Institute of Internal Affairs at Donetsk National University (now – Donetsk Law Institute of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Ukraine).

### History

The history of Donetsk Law Institute of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Ukraine dates back to April 28, 1961, when according to the order No 0109 of the Minister of Internal Affairs of the Ukrainian SSR Stalino (Donetsk) specialized secondary militia school of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the USSR was established. The cadets of Kyiv specialized secondary militia school of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the USSR were transferred to Stalino (Donetsk) to continue their studying at the 2-nd course of the newly established educational institution.

In 1964, the educational institution was relocated from a small settlement and the educational institution received its permanent registration in Kyiv district of the city of Donetsk until 2014.

Taking into consideration the socio-political conditions prevailing in the eastern Ukraine, the educational institution was forced to change its location.

According to the order of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Ukraine No. 1010 dated September 30, 2014, Donetsk Law Institute of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Ukraine moved to Kryviy Rih, where the higher educational institution-forced migrant provides educational and scientific activities.

### Activity

Thanks to the dedication of the staff and personally the rector V. M. Beschastnyi the Institute has firmly entrenched in the educational field of Kryvyi Rih district. As at 2018, the higher educational institution has two large training buildings, fully equipped for the educational process and placement of the cadets, a special hostel for teachers and the rest of the staff, a student hostel.

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### **Editorial**



In 2016 Mariupol Training Center (now it is the «Police Academy» of Donetsk Law Institute) joined the Institute. It was a significant event in the life of the Institute that symbolically highlighted the connection with Donetsk region.

The strengthening of the personnel potential has allowed to gradually restore the structure of the educational institution. Today the Institute includes 4 faculties, 12 departments where the educational process is provided by a powerful team of teachers, among them there are 16 doctors and 60 candidates of sciences.

In spite of temporary personnel losses, Donetsk Law Institute has remained a very powerful research center. So, the Research laboratory on problematic issues of law enforcement activities continued its work. In addition, the Specialized Academic Council on five specialities functions in the Institute.

The Institute obtained a license for training of Doctors of science in the field of «Law» which was approved by order of the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine on 4 July, 2016.

Today Donetsk Law Institute has a powerful Education and Training base as in Kryvyi Rih (a total area is 11608, 79 sq. M), so and in Mariupol (a total area is 1,704,14 sq. M), and makes every effort to provide modern innovative development of the educational process of training of future policemen and lawyers.

Donetsk Law Institute is the only institution of higher education in Kryvyi Rih district where a full course of training of future lawyers is provided – from the Bachelor's degree to the Doctor of science degree.

**Our address:** Kryvyi Rih, Stepana Tilgi Street, 21, Spivdruzhnosti Street 92a Mariupol, Budivelnykiv Avenue, 145

